

Exercised Directly; or Indirectly through Representatives

1. Sovereign powers are specially delegated to representative government by the individual.

2. An individual has relative rights as a member of the political society subordinate to representative government.

3. An individual has public rights subject to public domain; distinct from private rights.

4. An individual has civil rights granted by government; regulated by government; by statutes, the President alone, by the Courts of Law, or by heads of Departments, all inferior officers to the *private* individual.

5. Silence is acquiescence, or implied consent, to be governed by a representative government.

6. Government cannot be held accountable when one has specially delegated his sovereign powers to a representative government and when one has failed to directly exercise his sovereign powers.

7. You cannot come against whom or what you have empowered because they are now sovereign; your Master.

8. Representative government is provided for you, with or without your consent, because you either specially delegated your sovereign powers by political privilege, or a representative government is provided for you by necessity as an uninformed bystander.

9. The United States government can only guarantee what exists.

10. The citizen/subject of the political society must obey and live according to the statutes, public policies and regulations mandated upon him by his representative government.

11. This public side is that general and well-settled public opinion relating to man's plain, palpable duty to his fellowmen.